Washington School District

FY 2024-2025 Proposed Budget

> Board Budget Presentation December 11, 2023

> > ı

Budget Key Factors

Revenue

- Statewide Education Property Tax (SWEPT) is up \$40.8K
- > Adequacy Aid is down \$80.0K to \$0

2

Revenues are covered in a few slides, but theses are the two lines with the most significant impact

Budget Key Factors (Cont'd)

Expenses

- Transportation cost increases (\$65.2K 32.6%) Largely Special Education
- > Health Rate Increase (\$41.4K 35.4%)
- Salary increase (\$24.8K 4.5%) largely new hire costs
- > Tuition
 - General Education decrease (\$71.1K 4.9%) less HS students
 - Outside Placement costs are level
- Expenses
 - -- Transportation up \$65.2K
 - --- Special Education is up \$55K based on anticipated requirements
 - --- Routine bussing up \$10.2K based on contract
- Health rate increase of 17.8% and changes in coverages (e.g., two-person to family) drive an increase of \$41.4K
- Salary increase of \$24.8K driven by new hire costs and cost of living increases
- GenEd Tuition
 - --- 21 MS (two ghosts) up from 17
 - --- 35 HS (two ghosts) down from 42 (this year 9 seniors and only 3 8th graders)

Proposed Budget Revenues

Compared Francis Devices	Approved	Proposed		
General Fund Revenue	FY2024	FY2025	\$ Diff	% Chg
Local Taxes	\$2,447,512	\$2,545,346	\$97,834	4.00%
State Wide Education Property Tax (SWEPT)	\$486,435	\$527,197	\$40,762	8.38%
State Adequacy Aid	\$80,030	\$0	(\$80,030)	-100.00%
Misc. Revenue	\$400	\$400	\$0	0.00%
Special Education Aid	\$0	\$0	\$0	N/A
Tuition	\$0	\$0	\$0	N/A
Interest Income	\$300	\$2,500	\$2,200	733.33%
Medicaid Revenue	\$2,750	\$1,500	(\$1,250)	-45.45%
Total	\$3,017,427	\$3,076,943	\$59,516	1.97%

Total includes amount required for separate SAU Apportionment

- "Local" taxes balance revenues with expenses and is dramatically influenced based on amount received in SWEPT and Adequacy Aid
- **SWEPT** is collected locally and is part of the municipality's tax burden. SWEPT is based on a rate of \$1.22 per thousand in property values this year the rate is down from \$1.44, but property values are significantly higher which caused the amount to increase by over \$40K
- Adequacy Aid is a grant that is <u>not</u> part of the municipality's tax burden. It is a complicated formula that starts with a pupil count (average daily membership) which is multiplied by \$4,182 (up from \$4,100).
- -- Of note is that this amount was ruled unconstitutional on Nov 20, 2023 and that the amount should be a minimum of \$7,356.01 (76% higher than the current factor).
- -- The \$4,182 is adjusted for factors related to free & reduced meals, special education, and English language learner services; then subtracts the SWEPT amount
- -- If the SWEPT amount is higher, you receive no **Adequacy Aid**. For FY2025, the calculated cost of an adequate education was \$503,855 and our SWEPT was over \$527K, so we receive no adequacy aid.
- -- If the impact of Court ruling was factored into this year's calculations, we would receive \$254,923 instead of \$0
- The interest rate in FY2022 was about 0.1% and the rate is now 2.85%; it will likely start to drop, but nowhere near 0.1% (>\$8K in FY2023); On the flip-side, we're seeing less qualifying Medicaid expenses/reimbursements

FY25: Total Cost of an Adequate Education = ADM (87.67) * Base Adequacy Amt (\$4,182) + F&R Differential (39 * \$2,346) + SpEd Differential (21.35 * \$2,142) + ELL Differential (0 * \$816) = \$503,855 - \$527,197 (SWEPT) = Negative Amt, therefore, no Adequacy

Final FY24: Total Cost of an Adequate Education = ADM (108.41) * Base Adequacy Amt (\$4,100) + F&R Differential (338.79 * \$2,300) + SpEd Differential (21.35 * \$2,100) + ELL Differential (0 * \$800) = 5578,550 - 486,435 (SWEPT) = \$92,115 (Adequacy Aid); Original amount was \$80,030 - different factors and 3rd Gr Reading vs ELL

Propose	d Bu	dae	et E	XD6	enditures
	Approved	Proposed			
General Fund Expenditures	FY2024	FY2025	\$ Diff	% Diff	
Regular Instruction	\$1,909,116	\$1,859,404	-\$49,712	-2.60%	
Special Education	\$287,900	\$289,538	\$1,638	0.57%	
Student Services	\$124,425	\$153,591	\$29,166	23.44%	
Curriculum & Staff Development	\$1,900	\$1,750	-\$150	-7.89%	
District Administration	\$35,392	\$31,172	-\$4,220	-11.92%	
School Administration	\$103,490	\$107,898	\$4,408	4.26%	
Media & Technology	\$23,000	\$21,800	-\$1,200	-5.22%	
Facilities	\$154,532	\$158,944	\$4,412	2.85%	
Transportation	\$200,226	\$265,470	\$65,244	32.59%	
Food Service Transfer	\$12,000	\$15,000	\$3,000	25.00%	
otal Operational Expenses	\$2,851,981	\$2,904,567	\$52,586	1.84%	
SAU Allocation	\$165,446	\$172,376	\$6,930	4.19%	Separate Article
otal w/ SAU Allocation	\$3,017,427	\$3,076,943	\$59,516	1.97%	
Transfers to Trust	\$65,000	\$90,000	\$25,000	38.46%	Separate Articles - if FY2024 surpl
otal w/ SAU Allocation & Trusts	\$3,082,427	\$3,166,943	\$84,516	2.74%	
		TE ET			

Regular Instruction:

- Decrease in tuition (-71.1K)
 - -- 21 MS (two ghosts) up from 17
 - -- 35 HS (two ghosts) down from 42 (this year 9 seniors and only 3 8th graders)
- Health (\$13K) rate increase of 17.8%
- Salaries (\$10K) cost of living increase

Special Education: Nearly level; over half of requirement is for outside placements which are stable

Student Services: New hire costs (employee higher on salary scale and with more costly benefit coverages)

District Admin: Some decreases based on current copier and audit contracts

School Admin: Health increase is \$2.6 of the \$4.4K

Media & Tech: Decrease in software based on actuals and anticipated requirements Facilities: Health increase is \$1.8 of the \$4.4K; property & liability insurance (\$1.2K); gas for van (\$0.5K); electricity & propane level based on rates & anticipated usage Transportation: Special Education bussing (\$55K) based on student needs; Routine bussing contract increase (\$10K)

Food Service Transfer: Increase based on FY2023 deficit; food prices have skyrocketed. **SAU Allocation:** Total SAU assessment is lower for FY2025, but Washington's share is higher based on a more dramatic increase in property values; If the SAU budget is defeated, the alternative budget will result in a higher allocation (\$172,978 – SAU revenues decrease more dramatically than expenses)

Transfers to Trust: This line has no impact to taxes and funds will only be transferred into trusts if there is sufficient surplus at the end of FY2024

	Balance a/o	FY23 Surplus to Add to	Estimated 6/30/2024	Proposed Amounts for Trust Warrants
rust Fund Description	6/30/2023	Trust	Balance	(FY24 Surplus)
Special Education Fund	\$332,982.11	\$30,000.00	\$362,982.11	\$30,000.0
School Repair & Maintenance	\$112,836.15	\$25,000.00	\$137,836.15	\$50,000.0
Tuition	\$10,020.30	\$10,000.00	\$20,020.30	\$10,000.0
otal Combined Fund Balances	\$455,838.56	\$65,000.00	\$520,838.56	\$90,000.0

To be clear, **Transfers to Trust** have no impact to taxes and funds will only be transferred into trusts if there is sufficient surplus at the end of FY2024;

This slide shows the amounts in the trusts as of 6/30/23; adds the amounts we'll be adding from the FY23 surplus to show a 6/30/24 balance (not including interest); and proposes amounts for the trust warrants (which would use FY24 surplus – if available).

Recommending we increase the Maintenance trust transfer from \$25 to 50K – more flexibility to retain funds without having to rush to spend by June 30^{th} ; Special Education transfer would remain at 30K and Tuition transfer at \$10K

Special Education and Tuition Trust language includes the word "Unanticipated"

Maintenance Trust language was "...for the purpose of maintaining and repairing school buildings..."